

# Description of the VHDL Library

## 1 The ROM Component

### 1.1 Component Description

The ROM component is a combinatorial read-only memory. It returns a data, as a signed number with a specified length, specified by an integer address.

### 1.2 Generation Process

Use `genVhdl[ "ROM" ]` function in package `Vhdl2.m`.

### 1.3 Files

`ROM.vhd`: the architecture description of the ROM (see G.3).

`ComponentOfROM.vhd`: the component description of the ROM (see G.2).

### 1.4 Parameters

`$size$`: the size of the read-only memory, in words.

`$comment$`: a comment.

`$values$`: the values associated to the ROM. This parameter is not mandatory, and if not supplied, 0 values are assumed.

`$name$`: the name assigned to the component.

`$wordLengthMun$`: the word length (minus one) of the values in the ROM.

## 1.5 Example

```
--  
-- Component for a combinatoric ROM  
-- ROM of size 32 and of word length 2  
--  
  
COMPONENT ROM3 IS  
  PORT  
  (  
    address : IN INTEGER RANGE 0 TO 31;  
    data : OUT SIGNED (1 DOWNTO 0)  
  );  
END COMPONENT;
```

## 2 The moduloAddress Component

### 2.1 Component Description

The `moduloAddress` component is a component that generates...

### 2.2 Generation Process

Use `genVhdl[ "moduloaddress" ]` function in package `Vhdl2.m`.

### 2.3 Files

`ModuloAddress.vhdl`: the architecture description of the modulo address generator (see G.3).

`ComponentOfModuloAddress.vhdl`: the component description of the modulo address generator (see G.2).

### 2.4 Parameters

`$period$`: the period of the modulo generator.

`$comment$`: a comment.

`$periodMun$`: period minus one. This is generated automatically by the VHDL generator.

`$name$`: the name assigned to the component.

## A The ROM

### A.1 Architecture

```
library IEEE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use IEEE.std_logic_signed.all;
use IEEE.numeric_std.all;
--
-- This is a generic read-only memory.
-- Parameters are the name, the size, the word length, the values.
--

-- $comment$

-- Entity definition
ENTITY $name$ IS
PORT
(
    address : IN INTEGER RANGE 0 TO $sizeMun$;
    data : OUT SIGNED ($wordLengthMun$ DOWNTO 0)
);
END $name$;

-- Architecture
ARCHITECTURE archiOf$name$ OF $name$ IS

    TYPE values IS ARRAY (0 TO $sizeMun$)
        OF SIGNED ($wordLengthMun$ DOWNTO 0);

    CONSTANT rom : values :=
        ($values$);

BEGIN

-- Get the value
    data <= rom(address);

END archiOf$name$;
```

## A.2 Component

```
--  
-- Component for a combinatoric ROM  
-- $comment$  
--  
  
COMPONENT $name$ IS  
  PORT  
  (  
    address : IN INTEGER RANGE 0 TO $sizeMun$;  
    data : OUT SIGNED ($wordLengthMun$ DOWNT0 0)  
  );  
END COMPONENT;
```

## B The Modulo Address Generator

### B.1 Architecture

```
--
-- This VHDL Pattern allows a modulo address to be generated
-- The parameters are the name, the period, the period minus one,
-- the size of the address (it is calculated automatically by the
-- generator)
--
-- $comment$
--

library IEEE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use IEEE.std_logic_signed.all;
use IEEE.numeric_std.all;

ENTITY $name$ IS
  PORT(
    clk : IN STD_LOGIC;          -- global clock
    ceGen : IN STD_LOGIC;       -- general clock enable signal
    rst : IN STD_LOGIC;        -- reset signal
    address : OUT INTEGER RANGE 0 TO $periodMun$
  );
END $name$;

ARCHITECTURE archiOf$name$ OF $name$ IS
  SIGNAL addr: INTEGER RANGE 0 TO $periodMun$;
BEGIN

  PROCESS( clk )
  BEGIN
    IF rising_edge(clk) THEN
      IF (ceGen='1') THEN -- when ceGen is 1 modify address
        IF (rst='0') OR (addr = $periodMun$) THEN
          addr <= 0;
        ELSE
          addr <= addr + 1;
        END IF;
      END IF;
    END IF;
  END PROCESS;
END archiOf$name$;
```

```
        END IF;
    END IF;
END PROCESS;

    address <= addr;

END archiOf$name$;
```

## B.2 Component

```
--
-- Component for a modulo address generator
-- $comment$
--

COMPONENT $name$ IS
    PORT(
        clk : IN STD_LOGIC;
        ceGen : IN STD_LOGIC;
        rst : IN STD_LOGIC;
        address : OUT INTEGER RANGE 0 TO $periodMun$
    );
END COMPONENT;
```

## C The Registers

### C.1 Architecture

```
--
-- This VHDL Pattern allows a sequence of registers to be generated
-- The parameters are the name, the size of the elements, and
-- the number of registers
--
-- $comment$
--

library IEEE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use IEEE.std_logic_signed.all;
use IEEE.numeric_std.all;

ENTITY $name$ IS
  PORT(
    clk : IN STD_LOGIC;           -- global clock
    enable : IN STD_LOGIC;       -- clock enable
    inReg : IN STD_LOGIC;        -- input
    outReg : OUT STD_LOGIC       -- output
  );
END $name$;

ARCHITECTURE archiOf$name$ OF $name$ IS
  SIGNAL regfile: $type$;
  BEGIN

  PROCESS(clk, enable)
  BEGIN
    IF rising_edge(clk) THEN
      IF enable = '1' THEN
        $def$;
      END IF;
    END IF;
  END PROCESS;

  outReg <= $output$;
```

```
END archiOf$name$;
```

## C.2 Component

```
--  
-- Component for a register file  
-- $comment$  
--
```

```
COMPONENT $name$ IS  
  PORT(  
    clk : IN STD_LOGIC;  
    enable : IN STD_LOGIC;  
    inReg : IN STD_LOGIC;  
    outReg : OUT STD_LOGIC  
  );  
END COMPONENT;
```

## D The FSM component

### D.1 Architecture

```
--  
-- Finite state machine  
-- $comment$  
--  
  
library IEEE;  
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;  
use IEEE.std_logic_signed.all;  
use IEEE.numeric_std.all;  
  
ENTITY $name$ IS  
  PORT(  
    clk : IN STD_LOGIC;  
    CE_gen : IN STD_LOGIC;  
    rst : IN STD_LOGIC;  
    $outputs$  
  );  
END $name$;  
  
ARCHITECTURE archiOf$name$ OF $name$ IS  
  
  -- Declaration of the states  
  TYPE state_type IS ($states$);  
  
  ATTRIBUTE ENUM_ENCODING: STRING;  
  ATTRIBUTE ENUM_ENCODING OF state_type : TYPE IS $encoding$;  
  
  SIGNAL curstate, nextstate : STATE_TYPE;  
  SIGNAL count : INTEGER;  
  
  BEGIN  
  
    ---- Synchronous reset process  
    PROCESS(rst,clk)  
    BEGIN  
      IF clk = '1' AND clk'event THEN
```

```

    IF CE_gen = '1' THEN
        IF rst='0' THEN
            curstate <= state0;
            count <= 0;
        ELSE
            curstate <= nextstate;
            count <= count+1;
        END IF;
    END IF;
END IF;
END PROCESS;

-- Transition function --
PROCESS( count, curstate )
BEGIN
    CASE curstate IS
$transitions$
    END CASE;
END PROCESS;

-- Output function
$action$

END archiOf$name$;

```

## D.2 Component

```

--
-- $comment$
--
COMPONENT $name$ IS
    PORT(
        clk : IN STD_LOGIC;
        CE_gen : IN STD_LOGIC;
        rst : IN STD_LOGIC;
$outputs$
    );
END COMPONENT;

```

### D.3 Call

```
G$number$ : Fsm PORT MAP (clk, CE, rst, $outputs$);
```

## E The Call reg component

### E.1 Architecture

```
-- $comment$  
PROCESS(clk, $enable$)  
BEGIN  
    IF rising_edge(clk) THEN  
        IF $enable$ = '1' THEN $lhs$ <= $rhs$; END IF;  
    END IF;  
END PROCESS
```

## F The Call registers component

### F.1 Architecture

```
G$number$ : $name$ PORT MAP (clk, CE, $enableIn$, $enableOut$);
```

## G The PeriodicEnable component

### G.1 Architecture

```
--
-- This VHDL Pattern allows a periodic enable to be generated.
-- The parameters are the name, the period, the period minus one,
-- the size of the counter (it is calculated automatically by the
-- generator)
--
-- $comment$
--

library IEEE;
use IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
use IEEE.std_logic_signed.all;
use IEEE.numeric_std.all;

ENTITY $name$ IS
  PORT(
    clk : IN STD_LOGIC;          -- global clock
    ceGen : IN STD_LOGIC;       -- general clock enable signal
    rst : IN STD_LOGIC;         -- reset signal
    periodicGe : OUT STD_LOGIC  -- periodic clock enable
  );
END $name$;

ARCHITECTURE archiOf$name$ OF $name$ IS
  SIGNAL counter : STD_LOGIC_VECTOR ($size$ DOWNTO 0);
BEGIN

  PROCESS( clk )
  BEGIN
    IF rising_edge(clk) THEN
      -- do something only when ceGen is non zero
      IF ceGen='1' THEN
        IF rst='0' THEN          -- enable is 0 when rst
          counter <= $zero$;
        ELSIF counter /= $zero$ THEN
          counter <= counter - 1;
        END IF;
      END IF;
    END IF;
  END PROCESS;
END archiOf$name$;
```

```

        ELSE
            -- or set counter to period - 1 when period reached
            counter <= $periodMun$;
        END IF;
    END IF;
END IF;
END PROCESS;

-- Output true when counter is zero and clock enable general is true
periodicGe <= '1' WHEN (counter = $zero$ AND ceGen = '1') ELSE '0';

END archiOf$name$;

```

## G.2 Component

```

--
-- Component for a periodic enable of period $period$
-- $comment$
--

COMPONENT $name$ IS
    PORT(
        clk : IN STD_LOGIC;
        ceGen : IN STD_LOGIC;
        rst : IN STD_LOGIC;
        periodicGe : OUT STD_LOGIC
    );
END COMPONENT;

```

## G.3 Call

```

G$number$ : $name$ PORT MAP (clk, CE, reset0, $enable$);

```